Supplementary Appendix 1: Interview guide

Screening question:

In the period before the outbreak of COVID-19, from December 2019 to January			
2020, were you using any of the f	following tol	pacco products?	
a. Cigarettes	a. Yes	b. No	
b. Electronic cigarettes	a. Yes	b. No	
a. Heated tobacco products	c. Yes	d. No	
Choosing <u>b</u> for <u>all the three products</u> \longrightarrow I'm sorry, but this interview is mainly focused			
on long-term smokers. Thank you very much for your answers. Goodbye.			
Choosing <u>a OR b</u> for <u>any of the three products</u> —> Okay, I see that you meet the			
requirements for this interview. Let's officially begin the interview now. Don't be nervous,			
just answer based on your own situation, and say whatever comes to mind			

Interview guide:

Topic 1: Perception towards COVID-19 and tobacco use

- 1.1. Association between tobacco use and COVID-19 infection.
 - 1.1.1. What do you think of the probability of contracting COVID-19 in cigarette users and never tobacco users, higher, lower or similar? Why?
 - 1.1.2. What do you think of the probability of contracting COVID-19 in EC users and never tobacco users, higher, lower or similar? Why?
 - 1.1.3. What do you think of the probability of contracting COVID-19 in HTP users and never tobacco users, higher, lower or similar? Why?
- 1.2. Association between tobacco use and severity of COVID-19
 - 1.2.1. Compared to people who do not smoke, if cigarette users contract COVID-19, will their symptoms be milder, more severe, or the same? Why?"

- 1.2.2. Compared to people who do not smoke, if EC users contract COVID-19, will their symptoms be milder, more severe, or the same? Why?"
- 1.2.3. Compared to people who do not smoke, if HTP users contract COVID-19, will their symptoms be milder, more severe, or the same? Why?"
- 1.3. Sources of information
 - 1.3.1. Where did you get the information on the associations between COVID-19 and tobacco use?

Topic 2: Experience in tobacco use amid the pandemic.

Next, we would like to understand the impact of your tobacco use on your experience with COVID-19

- 2.1 Changes in tobacco use behaviours
 - 2.1.1 Compared to the pre-pandemic period, when the outbreak started in Hong Kong (about February/March 2020), how have you changed your consumption of cigarettes/ECs/HTPs
 - 2.1.2 Except for the aforementioned tobacco products you used, did you start using other tobacco products during the pandemic? And the frequency?
 - 2.1.3 Have the following factors impacted your smoking behaviour, such as the amount of tobacco you consume and where you smoke (at home or outdoors)? (The factors included health concerns, social-distancing restrictions, mandatory masking regulations, work from home/ study at home, financial issues, access to tobacco products, and other reasons)
 - 2.1.4 Were your tobacco use behaviours in the later phase of the pandemic (July-August 2020 for Wave 3, November-December 2020 for Wave 4) consistent with those of the early phase

(February-March 2020)? Type of tobacco use, consumption, access to tobacco products, and places of use

- 2.2 Reasons for changes in tobacco use behaviours
 - 2.2.1 **Reasons for decreased or want to decrease.**
 - 2.2.1.1 What had prompted you to decrease? Please list.
 - 2.2.1.2 What were some barriers, if any, that you encountered when you decreased tobacco use?
 - 2.2.1.3 How did you overcome the barrier(s)?
 - 2.2.1.4 Are there any barriers that you have not overcome? Please describe.

2.2.2 Reasons for increased

2.2.2.1 What had prompted you to increase? Please list

2.2.3 Reasons for no change

- 2.2.3.1 As you said before that you want to decrease smoking since learning of COVID-19, but you did not change smoking behaviours during COVID-19. So what were some barriers that you encountered? Or what are the difficulties of decreasing tobacco use for you?
- 2.2.4 If changed in terms of types of tobacco products, amount of consumption, accessibility or smoking location, ask why.

3 CLOSING

- 3.1 The in-depth interview is about to end. Would you like to add anything that you think is important but not covered in the interview?
- 3.2 Thank you very much for your participation. We have gained a lot of valuable insights from your sharing and experience. Thank you!

(Stop recording)

Supplementary Appendix 2: Supplementary Table 1

	phases of	f the COV	ID-19 pandemi	c (N=40)		
Changes in	Exclusiv	e users	C	oncurren	t users	Total
tobacco use	Cigarettes	ECs	Cigarettes	ECs	Cigarette,	n (%)
	(n=15)	(n=7)	& ECs	&HTPs	ECs & HTPs	
			(n=10)	(n=3)	(n=5)	
The early phase of	of COVID-19					
Decreased						
Cigarettes	9	-	5	-	3	17
ECs	-	2	6	0	1	9
HTPs	-	-	-	1	4	5
Increased						
Cigarettes	4	-	3	-	0	7
ECs	-	2	4	1	2	9
HTPs	-	-	-	1	0	1
Mixed						
Cigarettes	0	-	1	-	1	2
ECs	-	0	0	1	0	1
HTPs	-	-	-	0	0	0
No change						
Cigarettes	2	-	1	-	1	4
ECs	-	3	0	1	2	6
HTPs	-	-	-	1	1	2
From the early p	hase to later pl	nases of C	OVID-19			
Decreased						
Cigarettes	7	-	5	-	3	15
ECs	-	2	6	0	2	10
HTPs	-	-	-	1	4	5
Increased						
Cigarettes	1	-	1	-	0	2
ECs	-	3	2	0	1	6
HTPs	-	-	-	0	0	0
Mixed						
Cigarettes	5	-	4	-	1	10
ECs	-	2	2	3	1	8
HTPs	-	-	-	2	0	2
No change						
Cigarettes	2	-	0	-	1	3
ECs	-	0	0	0	1	1
HTPs	-	-	-	0	1	1
First experiment	al use since the	COVID-1	19			
Cigarettes	-	1	-	0	0	1

Supplementary Table 1. Summary of changes in tobacco use in the early phase and later phases of the COVID-19 pandemic (N=40)

ECs	3	-	-	-	0	3
HTPs	0	0	1	-	0	1
Waterpipe	0	0	0	2	-	2

Abbreviations: ECs, e-cigarettes; HTPs, heated tobacco products.

Supplement	ary Table 2. Summary of between tobac	f participants' perception co use and COVID-19	ns on the association
	Cigarette	EC	HTP
Perceived sus users	sceptibility to contraction	ng COVID-19 in tobac	co users versus non-
More	(<i>n</i> =23)	(<i>n</i> =22)	(<i>n</i> = <i>1</i> 4)
susceptible	They have to take off their mask in public places to smoke, and smokers have to inhale deeply. The risk of contracting COVID-19 is undoubtedly higher than for non- smokers. (No. 23, Girl, S6, cigarettes and ECs) I think the risk	People who smoke e- cigarettes have a higher risk of infection because sometimes they share e-cigarettes and have the saliva contact. It is possible, as I have seen that before. (No. 13, Boy, S3, EC exclusively) Because I think	I think people who take off their masks and smoke HTPs on the street are at higher risk than non-smokers. As they are mostly older, and they usually smoke HTP and talk together. (No. 7, Boy, S3, cigarettes exclusively)
	is higher for cigarette users. Because if you smoke, you have worse immunity and are more likely to be infected by COVID- 19. (No.8, Boy, S6, cigarettes exclusively)	Because I think e-cigarettes have the same effect on the lungs. Lung function and health will be damaged. (No. 9, Boy, S6, EC exclusively)	Because they are all cigarettes, HTPs will also damage lung function. (No. 28, Girl, S6, ECs and HTPs)
Less susceptible	(n=3) Tobacco products contain nicotine, nicotine and the virus are all harmful substances. I heard that it may be possible to kill the new coronavirus. (No. 2, Boy, S6, cigarettes and ECs)	(n=1) Lower risk, because most of my friends who use HTPs are not infected even if they removed their masks and smoked outside, but my friends who did not use tobacco were infected. (No.	(n=3) Similar to the quotes in cigarettes and ECs

Supplementary Appendix 3. Supplementary Table 2

		11, Boy, S5, ECs and HTPs)	
Similar susceptibility	(n=12) It seems smoking is not related to COVID- 19. I believe that people who smoke cigarettes will not be infected if they practise good hygiene. (No. 32, Girl, S5, cigarettes and ECs) I think COVID- 19 infection is more related to the body's immunity. (No. 25, Boy, S3, cigarettes exclusively) Most cases of COVID-19 are elderly, and few are young. COVID-19 is age-related; it has nothing to do with smoking. (No. 37, Girl, S5, cigarettes, ECs and HTPs)	(n=12) ECs do not contain nicotine and do not cause much damage, so the risk is about the same as non-smokers. (No, 34, Girl, S2, cigarettes and ECs) About half of my friends who smoke and half of my friends who don't smoke were infected with COVID-19, so I don't think smoking is related to the infection. (No. 40, Girl, S6, cigarettes, ECs and HTPs) Although they (cigarettes &ECs) are all harmful to the human body, EC users seldom smoke outside, most of them smoke at home. Usually, you just take a puff or two and then wear the mask and stop smoking. So I think the risk is almost the same as non- smokers. (No. 39, Girl, S5, cigarettes exclusively)	(n=7) COVID-19 is more related to personal hygiene, I think the risk of infection is not increased in HTP users if they have good personal hygiene habits. (No. 24, Boy, S6, cigarettes, ECs and HTPs)

Not clear	(<i>n</i> =2)	(<i>n</i> =5)	(<i>n</i> =16)
not clear	(n-2) There should be	(n=5) I just don't	(n=10) I am not clear
		U U	
	no difference	know why. (No. 37,	what this product is,
	(between people who	Girl, cigarettes, ECs	as well as its
	smoke	and HTPs)	association with
	cigarettes/ECs/HTP		COVID-19. (No. 1,
	and non-smokers)		Boy, S3, cigarettes
	I don't know. I can't		and ECs)
	even think about it.		
	(No. 20, Boy, S6,		
	cigarettes		
	exclusively)		
Perceived	l vulnerability to serio	us COVID-19 consequ	ences in tobacco
users versus n	•	•	
More	(<i>n</i> =26)	(n=19)	(n=15)
vulnerable	Because some	In fact, both	The chemical
	chemicals in	ECs and traditional	composition of
	cigarettes have	cigarettes can	HTPs and cigarettes
	already damaged the	damage lung	is almost the same.
	lungs of users, the	function. They would	Thus HTPs should
	symptoms should be	suffer more severe	be as harmful as
			•
	more severe if they	symptoms if they	cigarettes. (No. 23,
	are infected. (No.	were infected with	Girl, S6, cigarettes,
	12, Boy, S5,	COVID-19 and may	ECs and HTPs)
	cigarettes, ECs and	have more sequelae.	
	HTPs)	(No. 13, Boy, S3,	
		ECs exclusively)	
	Early symptoms		
	of COVID-19 are		
	commonly present in		
	chronic smokers, so		
	it may take them		
	longer to confirm		
	infection, hence		
	more severe. (No.		
	22, Girl, S6, ECs		
	exclusively)		
Less	NA	(<i>n</i> =4)	(<i>n</i> =2)
vulnerable	11/1	(n=4) Chemicals in	
vumerable			Symptoms are
		ECs could prevent	milder. EC/HTP
		the invasion of	users have more tar
		bacteria and viruses	or other chemicals
		and might also	in their lungs, so

		protect the lung from	bacteria are less
		severe symptoms.	likely to invade.
		(No. 2, Boy, S6,	(No. 11, Boy, S5,
	(10)	cigarettes and ECs)	ECs and HTPs)
Similar vulnerability	(n=10) I think it depends more on the general health of individuals than the smoking status (No. 4, Girl, S6, cigarettes exclusively)	(n=10) ECs are not as harmful as cigarettes. Although ECs also contain harmful substances such as nicotine, the nicotine content is much lower than in cigarettes. Therefore, the lung function of EC users will not be seriously damaged, so even if they become infected with COVID-19, the symptoms will not be particularly exaggerated. (No. 14, Boy, S6,	(n=9) Regardless of smoking habits, once people are infected, the symptoms are the same, and it is equally hard. (No. 37, Girl, S3, cigarettes, ECs and HTPs)
		cigarettes	
		exclusively)	
Not clear	(n=4) I think there are many factors (related to the severity), so it is hard to say whether the symptoms of tobacco users would be milder or more severe if they were infected. (No. 17, Boy, S6, cigarettes exclusively) I can't imagine there is any association between smoking and	(n=7) Because I do not know much about COVID-19, and even if I knew that smoking harms my health, I could not feel it because I smoke ECs and do regular exercise, so I have a very good cardiorespiratory function. Hence, I just don't know. (No. 33, Girl, S5, ECs exclusively)	(n=14) Few people smoke HTPs around me, so I don't know. (No. 27, Boy, S6, cigarettes exclusively)

COVID-19. (No. 7,	
S3, Boy, cigarettes	
exclusively)	

Abbreviations: ECs, e-cigarettes; HTPs, heated tobacco products.

Supplementary Appendix 4: Supplementary Table 3

Supplementary Table 3. Summary of participants' perceived impacts of COVID-19 and changes in tobacco use behaviours		
Impacts	Tobacco use behaviours	
COVID-19 policies	-Change the smoking location to home I mostly smoked at home (after the dine-in ban), for I never go out and only order takeout. (No. 14, Boy, S6, cigarettes exclusively)	
	-Change the smoking location to less crowded places I do not smoke in crowded streets or in districts with many confirmed cases. (No. 10, Girls, S4, cigarettes exclusively)	
	I will not light a cigarette in the streets, take off my mask and smoke while walking. I usually find a small alley or a place with few people (if there is a need to smoke outside). It is not as easy to be caught by the police. (No. 30, Boy, S6, cigarettes exclusively)	
	-Decreased cigarette use	
	Social distancing restriction	
	In the past, I smoked in streets every day, but my family did not allow me to go outside due to the Social Distancing Restriction after COVID-19, so I cannot smoke now. (No. 24, Boy, S6, cigarettes, ECs and HTPs)	
	• Dine-in bans	
	After dining in was banned, I went out less and had fewer chances to dine with my friends. Thus, I smoked less. (No. 17, Boy, S6, cigarettes exclusively)	
	Masking regulation	
	Yes, the masking regulation (has an impact on my cigarette use). I am scared that if I did not wear a mask an were found by the Food and Environmental Hygiene	
	Department or the police, I would be fined HK\$5000. (No. 16, Girl, S6, cigarettes and ECs)	
	School closure	
	I could not smoke cigarettes both at home and at school. Before COVID-19, I always smoked with my friend after school before the pandemic. Now I study from home	

and have little chance to smoke. (No. 10, Girl, S4, cigarettes exclusively)	
-Quit cigarette use	
I started to quit smoking after the outbreak of the	,
fourth wave of the pandemic. I seldom go out and spend	
most of my time at home. I am quite a clean freak and d	
want to smoke at home. (No. 23, Girl, S6, cigarettes and	l
ECs)	
The epidemic helps me quit smoking because wear	ing
a mask is so troublesome. I am too lazy to buy cigarette	<i>S</i> ,
and there are fewer channels to buy cigarettes. Moreover	er, I
rarely go out and have few chances to hang out with	
friends. In fact, there are many factors around to help y	ои
quit. (No. 12, Boy, S6, cigarettes and ECs)	
-Unaffected EC or HTP use	
My vaping was not affected by COVID-19, as I cou	ıld
just put the pod inside my mask and smoke outside. ECs	
smokeless and odourless, so I can vape at home, and my	
family wouldn't know that I smoke. (No. 35, Girl, S2, EC and HTPs)	-5
-Decreased cigarette but increased EC use	
I could not smoke cigarettes at home, so I smoked	ECs
instead. (No. 8, Boy, S6, cigarettes exclusively)	
Fear of COVID-19 -Change the smoking location to home	
infection Because of the fear of contracting COVID-19, I cu	t
down on smoking cigarettes outside, so I usually return	
home to smoke. (No. 15, Girl, S6, cigarettes and ECs)	
-Decreased cigarette use	
I smoke less because I had the idea to do so in the	nast
and because I learned that COVID-19 is more common	
	111
smokers. (No. 21, Boy, S2, ECs exclusively)	
-Quit cigarette use	
I quit smoking after seeing many studies pointing to	
increased risk of COVID-19 infection and harm to my b	•
because I am so worried about my health. (No. 19, Boy,	S3,
cigarettes exclusively)	
- Decreased EC use	
Because I am afraid (of the infection). No matter	
whether you smoke outside or inside, you are afraid of	
bacteria and viruses. (No. 13, Boy, S5, ECs exclusively)	
-Decreased and then increased cigarette use in later phase	ses
We were all afraid when the pandemic unexpected	
struck us. We were unsure of the potential consequences	

	the disease, which was extremely terrifying. But over time, we become accustomed to it. (No. 31, Boy, S4, cigarettes and ECs)
Non-COVID- related health concerns	-Decreased cigarette use I smoked less due to health concerns. When I started to wear masks, I felt breathless and experienced shortness of breath. (No. 19, Boy, S3, cigarettes exclusively) Actually, I had been thinking about quitting smoking even before the pandemic. Regardless of the pandemic, I have worried about my lung function getting worse. (No. 29, Girl, S5, cigarettes, ECs and HTPs)
	-Quit cigarette use In the past, I smoked two packs of cigarettes per day, and then I noticed that my health condition became worse, and my skin became terrible. Girls care a lot about their skin. It has a huge impact on my general status. Therefore, I realised that I must quit it. (No. 15, Girl, S2, cigarettes and ECs)
	-Decreased EC use One of my friends smoked ECs for a long time. Once, I accompanied him to the hospital for a health check-up, finding his lungs quite white. I had never known that ECs do such damage to our health and so I started to smoke less. (No. 31, Boy, S4, cigarettes and ECs)
Fewer social opportunities	-Decreased cigarette use Smoking is probably largely socially motivated; that is, more social activities may make me smoke more. Since the epidemic outbreak, I rarely go out, participate in fewer social activities and smoke fewer cigarettes. (No. 10, Girl, S4, cigarettes exclusively)
	-Decreased EC use I smoke mainly when socialising with a bunch of friends; it makes me chill. But I am not addicted to tobacco and do not need to buy an EC pod myself. Now I spend less time with my friends and thus do not smoke. (No. 26, Boy, S3, ECs exclusively)
Financial issues	-Decreased cigarette use Because when I have no money, I smoke less and more slowly. I will only buy cigarettes after I have worked and get paid. (No.30, Boy, S6, cigarettes exclusively) -Decreased EC use
	Of course, the EC device costs too much. Take JUUL as an example; a pod is too expensive that I hesitate to buy,

	so I smoke less. (No. 41, Boy, S2, cigarettes, ECs and HTPs) -Decreased cigarette but increased EC use
	Yes, the financial issue (influenced my EC use). An EC pod can be smoked for many days, so it feels not expensive. An EC pod costs HK\$30, and it can be smoked for a much longer time than cigarettes. (No. 32, Girl, S5, cigarettes and ECs)
Limited access to	-Decreased cigarette use
tobacco products	I go out less frequently (due to COVID-19) and do not bother going out just to buy cigarettes. Since that, I have been used to smoking fewer cigarettes. (No. 18, Boy, S6, cigarettes exclusively)
	-Quit cigarette use
	Because I rarely go out and don't want to go out on purpose to buy cigarettes, I gradually quit smoking. (No. 34, Boy, S2, cigarettes and ECs)
	-Decreased EC use
	A friend of mine was an EC agent before, so she/he directly gave me pods for free, but later she/he did not give me (pods) due to supply issues, and I didn't bother to buy them, so I just smoked less. (No. 16, Girl, S2, cigarettes and ECs)
	-Change EC to cigarette use I could not find channels for purchasing ECs because nearby shops have closed due to the pandemic. So I changed to using cigarettes because you can buy them at any convenience stores or newspaper stands. (No. 2, Boy, S2 cigarettes and ECs)
Transition to online	S2, cigarettes and ECs)
Transition to online learning	-Increased cigarette use Smoking is not allowed at school. But after I took online classes at home, no one restrained me. Thus, I smoke more than before. (No. 7, Boy, S3, cigarettes exclusively)
	-Increased EC use My smoking increased because I had more time than before, especially smoking ECs; sometimes, I smoked ECs during virtual classes. (No. 41, Boy, S2, cigarettes, ECs and HTPs)
	The need to take exams despite not understanding the teachers fully on Zoom classes stressed me out. So I smoked more.s (No. 13, Boy, S3, ECs only)
	Because I can't smoke cigarettes during the online lesson, I can only smoke them at night after classes and

	smoke more ECs at home due to the online study. (No. 38, Boy, S3, cigarettes and ECs)
Negative emotions	 -Increased cigarette use When preparing for the exam, I was under pressure and then smoked (cigarettes) a lot. (No. 16, Girl, S2, cigarettes and ECs) I spent a lot of time in the house during the epidemic, and I was too bored in the house. So I smoked more. (No. 32, Girl, S5, cigarettes and ECs) I can't go to many places to relieve myself when I'm having problems because of the pandemic. So I turn to smoke to alleviate the situation. (No. 15, Girl, S6, cigarettes
	 -Increased EC use When I am in a bad mood, I need to smoke (ECs) more to make me feel better. (No. 11, Boy, S5, ECs and HTPs) Due to staying at home, I smoke ECs much more than before (the pandemic). Staying long at home is boring, so I used ECs like eating snacks. (No. 31, Boy, S4, cigarettes and ECs) I enjoy going out but could only stay at home for so many days (during the pandemic). It made me unhappy, so I smoked when I was lonely and depressed. (No. 28, Girl, S6, ECs and HTPs)
Family/friend influence	 -Decreased cigarette use My family dislikes my smoking. I always feel anxious and apprehensive when I go back home (after smoking), and then I feel that smoking is so meaningless. (No. 1, Boy, S3, ECs and HTPs) I smoke less because it's not worth causing trouble and making my family angry. It's both expensive and troublesome for me to buy and smoke. (No. 26, Boy, S6, EC exclusively)
	 -Quit cigarette & EC use Actually, many of my friends don't smoke, and friends at school mind smoking behaviour; that is, if you smoke, you might be an "MK boy" or a bad student. I want to build good relationships with my classmates because I care about what other people think, so I quit smoking cigarettes and ECs. (No. 31, Boy, S4, cigarettes and ECs) -Obstacle to cessation

I had attempted to quit before but failed because I would have the urge to smoke when my friends around me were smoking". (No. 38, Boy, S3, cigarettes and ECs)
-First try of new tobacco products <i>I was invited to my friend's home and tried waterpipes</i> <i>several times during the pandemic. (No. 11, Boy, S5, ECs</i> <i>and HTPs)</i>
My friend ever let me smoke his e-cigarettes, but I felt that it was different from cigarettes, so I gave it up. (No. 17, Boy, S6, cigarettes exclusively)

Abbreviations: ECs, e-cigarettes; HTPs, heated tobacco products.

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