Manuscript Types

Tobacco Induced Diseases considers the following types of articles:

Research Papers
Articles reporting research may be full length or brief reports. These should report original research findings within the journal’s scope. Papers should generally be a maximum of 4000 words in length, excluding tables, references, abstract and key points of the article, whilst references should not exceed 36.

Review Papers
Comprehensive, authoritative, reviews within the journal’s scope. Review articles provide a review of the literature. There are two types of review papers:

- systematic review papers: respond to a specific research question, accrue from criterion-based selection of sources, include a quantitative synthesis that includes a statistical method (meta-analysis) and should adhere to PRISMA guidelines. Guidelines used for abstracting data and assessing data quality and validly should be noted in methods section.
- narrative reviews: the research question may be broad, and the scope of this review is to discuss a specific topic and keep the readers up-to-date about it. This type of review does not necessarily include a methodological approach and its synthesis is usually qualitative. Narrative reviews should include a “developments” section, with details regarding data sources used, keywords applied, time restrictions and study types selected. All review papers should be generally less than 6000 words, excluding abstract, tables, figures and references. References should not exceed 50 unless on a topic that has an extensive evidence base. The conclusion of the reviews must be specific and stem from the findings.

Short Reports
Brief reports of data from original research. Short reports are shorter versions of original articles, may include one table or figure, should not exceed 1500 words and 15 references. Short reports are suitable for the presentation of research that extends previously published research, including the reporting of additional evidence and confirmatory results in other settings, as well as negative results. Authors must clearly acknowledge any work upon which they are building, both published and unpublished.

Study Protocols
Articles describing a research protocol of a study. This article type can be for proposed or for ongoing research and should contain the background, research hypothesis, rationale a detailed methodology of the study. The SPIRIT 2013 Checklist guidelines ideally should be applied. Study protocols submitted for publication must have received ethics approval. Protocols of randomized trials should follow the CONSORT guidelines and must have a trial registration number, while observational studies should follow STROBE guidelines.

Methodology Papers
Papers that present different methodological approaches that can be used to investigate problems in a relevant scientific field and to encourage innovation. It is suggested that case studies or practical examples, which can be existing ones, are included to demonstrate the consistency and applicability of the methodology. Methodology papers should be generally less than 6000 words, excluding abstract, tables, figures and references. References should not exceed 50.

Letters to the Editor
A letter to the Editor is a brief report that is within the journal’s scope and of particular interest to the community, but not suitable as a standard research article or as a short report. Letters to the editor may also report original research data, if the sample size is small. A maximum of ten articles may be included in the references. Letters intended for publication should be a maximum of 500 words, contain 10 references, and up to one table or figure. These rules apply both for research letters, and letters that respond to articles published in the journal. Letters to the editor are subject to editorial editing so as to streamline with the journal’s style.

Editorials
Editorials are written by members of the Editorial Board or by invited topic experts and may reflect current articles within TID
or discuss significant national or international tobacco control projects or initiatives. TID warmly encourages the submission of guest editorials by organizations working in tobacco control that wish to present their work to the scientific community in the form of an editorial. These may be accompanied by videos, who reports or other dissemination material produced by the organizations.

**Manuscript Formatting**

**General instructions**
The authors are encouraged to consult previous relevant publications in TID to assist them in the preparation of the manuscript, especially the references and tables, and also for them to get acquainted with the style of the journal and the types of manuscripts it accepts for publication.

**Text formatting**
All manuscripts should be submitted in a Word format, they should be single column and 1.5 spaced. Margins should be one inch at the top, bottom and sides of the page. Font size should be 11-pt or 12-pt, standard font in ‘Arial’, ‘Times New Roman’ typeface Or another standard font. Manuscripts should be formatted in full justified paragraphs and headings should be left-aligned. Maths should be editable text.

**Title page**
The Title page should list the title of the article and suggestions for a short running title of no more than 60 characters (including spaces). Also include the authors names, affiliations and contact details including email address for the corresponding author. Affiliations should contain each author’s department, institution (institute, university), city, country. The Title of the article should be clear, concise and highlighting the research topic. It should not include rhetorical questions, literary language, quotations and special symbols.

**Abstract**
Authors are asked to supply a structured abstract of 300 words. For research articles, systematic review papers and short reports, the abstract should be structured as follows: Introduction, Methods, Results, and Conclusions. Letters do not have an abstract. Abstracts for narrative reviews, study protocols and methodology papers are unstructured.

**Keywords**
Include up to 6 keywords that describe your paper for indexing and for web searches of your manuscript. It is important to choose the correct keywords for your article as these will help identification within database searches.

**Checklists**
We support the use of Checklists during manuscript preparation. Checklists are available for a number of study designs, including:
- randomized trials **(CONSORT)**
- systematic reviews **(PRISMA)**
- observational studies **(STROBE)**
- meta-analyses of observational studies **(MOOSE)** and qualitative studies **(RATS)**.

**Main text**
Research Papers, Systematic Review Papers and Short Reports sections are: Introduction, Methods, Results, Discussion, and Conclusions. Narrative Review Papers are not necessarily structured. It is suggested though to include the sections Introduction, Developments and Conclusion. Study Protocols consist of Introduction, Methods, Discussion, and Conclusions. Methodology Papers should consist of Introduction, Methodological approach, Case studies or practical examples, Discussion, Conclusions.

Use the guidelines below to structure these sections:
1. A short introduction which should end with the study’s aims. The introduction should state clearly the objective of the paper as well as the context of the research or analysis.
2. A methods section which should describe the study design, setting, participants, measures, variables and statistical analysis performed. This section should also include information on the study’s ethics procedures.
3. A results section, which should describe the study’s main findings and important aspects within the tables.
4. A discussion section, which should include a discussion of the study’s main findings, comparisons with other studies, potential policy implications, the study’s strengths and limitations.
5. A conclusions section, which should be short, concise and based on the results of the current study. General conclusions that do not stem from the manuscript’s results must be avoided.

Declaration of interests
Declare any competing interests for each author. TID adheres to the International Committee of Medical Journal Editors (ICMJE) Recommendations for the Conduct, Reporting, Editing and Publication of Scholarly Work in Medical Journals. The author names on the ICMJE forms should be identical to the names in the manuscript.

Funding
All sources of funding for the research reported should be declared. The role of the funding body in the design of the study and collection, analysis, and interpretation of data and in writing the manuscript should be declared. The sentence should begin: “This work was supported by”. Grant numbers should be complete and accurate and provided in parentheses as follows: “(grant number xxxx)”

Acknowledgements
This section is for acknowledging individuals and institutions whose support the authors wish to mention (it is not compulsory). Please acknowledge anyone who contributed towards the article who does not meet the criteria for authorship including anyone who provided professional writing services or materials. The “Acknowledgements” section should be kept to a minimum.

Authors’ contributions
The individual contributions of authors to the manuscript should be specified in this section. Guidance and criteria for authorship can be found in our editorial policies. The authors have the option to give a brief outline of their contribution. Please use initials to refer to each author’s contribution in this section.
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Tables, Figures and Supplementary material
Tables and Figures should be placed at the end of the manuscript and be numbered sequentially in order of appearance in the text. However authors should ensure that every table or figure is referred to in the body of the text. Each table or figure should be accompanied by a short, descriptive title (including information on the sample size, the setting and the year) and in the footnote should define any acronyms, abbreviations or symbols used, statistical methods applied and any other information needed. All figures and tables stand alone in both the HTML and pdf version of the final manuscript and hence need to be complete. Superscripts used to refer to table footnotes should be lowercase alphabetical symbols. Captions should be given separately above the tables or figures. Numbers in the table should not contain commas, and numbers less than unity should have a zero in front of the decimal point. Decimal numbers should be represented with the use of a full stop.
The number of actual tables (no sub-tables) that an article can contain should not exceed five. However, they have to be of value as determined by peer review. Extra tables can be included in the Supplementary material. The content of the tables should be such that the data are of sufficient resolution for comfortable reading. Tables should be submitted in their original Word format (not via Excel), and they should be legible. Please include all borders in the tables. Do not create a table using only tabs or spaces to create columns. Tables should not duplicate material contained in the main text.
The number of figures should not exceed four. Extra figures can be included in the Supplementary material. Figures can be submitted in greyscale, black or white or in color as the journal is published online. The journal prefers that figures be created in Excel. Do not embed a figure file as a picture into Excel or Word, but submit them as individual files during the submission process. The data of figures should be attached in a Word format. Size the figure to the column or page width of the journal, and set the resolution at 300 dpi or greater. Figures containing a large amount of text, particularly flow diagrams, should be send in
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References
These must be numbered sequentially, as they first appear in the text. They should be within square brackets without spaces before or afterwards. Where more than one reference is cited, these should be separated by a comma, for example, [1, 12, 16], while for a continuous sequence of numbers, give the first and last number of the sequence separated by a hyphen, for example, [4-7]. The Reference list should thus be sequentially numbered using plain text (i.e. without the use of footnote or endnote etc). Please check the reference list and ensure that there is no duplication of references. A research manuscript should contain no more than 36 references, a review article no more than 50 and a short report no more than 15.

Article citations

These follow the AMA format.

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Citation format:
Authors. Title. Journal name. Year;Volume number[issue number]:initial-final page.
(Note: Use et al. instead of names after the 6th author)
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2) The article must be original, must not already been published in a journal, and is not currently under consideration by another journal (prior publication as a conference abstract or in an abstract book is allowed).

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